

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS**

FILED
CLERK'S OFFICE

04 123 CIVIL ACTION NO. P 10/10
GETRONICSWANG CO., LLC,

Plaintiff,

v. CIVIL ACTION NO.

HYNIX SEMICONDUCTOR, INC.,) COMPLAINT
SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.) AND
Defendants) DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL RECEIPT #
) AMOUNT \$50
) SUMMONS ISSUED YES
) LOCAL RULE 4.1
) WAIVER FORM
) MCF ISSUED
) BY DPTY. CLK F.O.M.
) DATE 11/10/04

Introduction

This action arises out of certain licensing agreements entered into by Defendants or their predecessors in the early 1990's, pursuant to which Defendants or their predecessors became obligated to make royalty payments in U.S. Dollars to Wang Laboratories, Inc. ("Wang"), the predecessor of Plaintiff, Getronics Wang Co., LLC ("Getronics"). Defendants and/or their predecessors in interest improperly withheld a portion of the royalty payments and paid those sums over to the Korean taxing authorities. Getronics now brings this action to recover, among other things, the full amount of the royalty payments, plus interest, and attorneys' fees and costs to which Getronics is entitled under the licensing agreements.

Jurisdiction and Venue

1. Subject matter jurisdiction over this action is conferred by 28 U.S.C. §1332 in as much as there is diversity of citizenship and the amount in controversy exceeds Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars (\$75,000.00).

2. Venue is proper in the District of Massachusetts, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(d) because the Defendants are alien corporations.

The Parties

3. The Plaintiff, Getronics, is a Delaware limited liability company with its principal place of business at 290 Concord Road, Billerica, Massachusetts 01821. Getronics is the successor in interest to Wang.

4. The Defendant, Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd (“Samsung”), is a Korean corporation with its principal place of business in Seoul, Korea.

5. The Defendant, Hynix Semiconductor, Inc. (“Hynix”), is a Korean corporation with its principal place of business in Seoul, Korea. It was formerly known as Hyundai Semiconductor, Ltd. (“Hyundai”) and is the successor in interest by acquisition to Goldstar Electron Co., Ltd. (“Goldstar”), the original parties in interest. Defendants Samsung and Hynix are hereinafter referred to as the “Korean Companies”.

Allegations Common to All Counts

6. In 1991, Wang was the holder of a series of patents on SIMM’s. SIMM’s are a variety of memory modules that enhance the data storage capability of personal computers. In 1991, Wang successfully enforced these patents, and thereafter entered into a series of licensing agreements with a number of companies, including the Defendants or their predecessors in interest (the “Licensing Agreements”). Among other things, the Licensing Agreements obligated the Defendants or their predecessors in interest to make royalty payments to Wang based in large part on sales into the United States.

7. On April 12, 1992, Wang entered into a Licensing Agreement with Goldstar (the “Goldstar Agreement”).

8. On June 21, 1993, Wang entered into a Licensing Agreement with Hyundai (the "Hyundai Agreement").

9. On February 17, 1992, Wang entered into a Licensing Agreement with Samsung (the "Samsung Agreement").

10. Shortly after entering into the Licensing Agreements, Hyundai, Goldstar and Samsung began making royalty payments to Wang. Each Korean company, however, withheld from its payments to Wang an amount which they paid the Korean taxing authorities, notwithstanding their being advised by Wang that no tax needed to be withheld, because no Korean tax was due on the royalty payments as the royalties were based on American source income.

11. From 1992 to approximately sometime in 1996, the Korean Companies in the aggregate withheld in excess of \$1.8 million, which was paid to the Korean tax authorities in Korean currency, the Won.

12. In 1996, consistent with its position that no tax needed to be withheld by the Korean Companies and in an effort to collect the full amounts due under the Licensing Agreements as a result of the Korean Companies' improper withholding, Wang made a so-called Competent Authority ("Competent Authority") request with the United States Internal Revenue Service. A Competent Authority Proceeding is an administrative and diplomatic proceeding that can be utilized by an American taxpayer to request the taxing authorities of two (or more) countries to determine which taxing authority is the appropriate authority to tax a taxpayer's income or property.

13. In 2002, the Competent Authority request was concluded in favor of Wang, which by this time had become Getronics. The response to the Competent Authority request, the

conclusion of which is attached hereto as Exhibit A, concluded that Korea did not have the right to tax the royalty payments because the royalty payments were based on American source income. As a result of the Competent Authority request, the Korean tax authorities refunded the amounts earlier withheld to the Korean Companies or their successors in interest.

14. Following the refund to the Korean Companies, the Korean Companies paid over to Getronics the equivalent in U.S. Dollars of the amount in Korean Won refunded to them by the Korean tax authorities.

15. Because the Won had deteriorated in value against the Dollar between the time the amounts had been improperly withheld by the Korean Companies and the time the refund was made by the Korean tax authorities, the amount of the refund was worth significantly less in U.S. Dollars at the time of the refund than it was at the time the amount was withheld by the Korean Companies.

16. The Licensing Agreements contemplated that the Korean Companies would bear the risk of currency exchange rate fluctuation. Each agreement requires the royalty payments to be made in U.S. Dollars calculated at the exchange rate in existence on the last day of the period for which the royalty payment is calculated. Thus, the royalty obligation of the Korean Companies to Getronics is fixed in U.S. Dollars; the payment by the Korean Companies of the amounts refunded by the Korean tax authorities, as a result of the fluctuation in exchange rates, resulted in payment of an amount substantially less than the royalty payment originally owed to Wang by the Korean Companies by approximately \$475,000 (the "Royalty Shortfall Claim").

17. Each of the Licensing Agreements also provided that the Korean Companies were to pay interest on any payments that were not made when originally due. In the case of the Goldstar and Samsung Agreements, the interest rate is 1% per month; in the case of the Hyundai

Agreement, the interest rate is 1.5% per month. The Korean Companies owe Getronics interest as a result of these provisions, not only on the amount refunded by the Korean tax authorities and paid over to Getronics for the period from the time of withholding to the time of payment to Getronics, but also on the amount of the Royalty Shortfall Claim for the period from the time of withholding to the time of payment of the judgment in this matter.

18. The Korean Companies' performance obligations under the License Agreements were not excused because no Korean taxes were due on the royalty payments.

19. Under the Licensing Agreements, Getronics is entitled to recover its attorneys' fees and costs incurred in successfully enforcing the Licensing Agreements and collecting amounts due under it.

20. Getronics has made demand upon each of the Korean Companies for payment of the Royalty Shortfall Claim, but the Korean Companies have failed to pay the amount demanded.

COUNT I
Breach of Contract

21. Getronics repeats and realleges the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

22. The Korean Companies' actions and conduct, as described above, including without limitation their failure and refusal to pay the Royalty Shortfall Claim, constitute a breach of their contractual obligations under the Licensing Agreements to make the full amount of required royalty payments.

23. As a result of the Korean Companies' breach of their contractual obligations under the Licensing Agreements, Getronics has suffered damages and will continue to suffer damages for which the Korean Companies are liable, which damages include, without limitation,

the Royalty Shortfall Claim and all costs, including accounting-related costs, incurred by Getronics in connection with the Competent Authority proceeding.

24. Getronics is also entitled, among other things, to recover interest and its attorneys' fees incurred in connection with the Competent Authority proceeding and this action.

COUNT II
Breach of the Duty of Good Faith and Fair Dealing

25. Getronics repeats and realleges the allegations contained in all preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

26. The Korean Companies' actions and conduct, as described above, including without limitation their failure and refusal to make the required royalty payments to make Getronics whole, constitute a breach of their duty of good faith and fair dealing with respect to their performance under the Licensing Agreements.

27. As a result of the Korean Companies' breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing, Getronics has suffered damages and will continue to suffer damages for which the Korean Companies are liable, which damages include, without limitation, the Royalty Shortfall Claim and all costs, including accounting-related costs, incurred by Getronics in connection with the Competent Authority proceeding.

WHEREFORE, Getronics respectfully prays that this Court:

- A. Enter judgment in favor of plaintiff on all Counts of its Complaint;
- B. Award plaintiff damages as determined at trial, plus interest;
- C. Award plaintiff its attorneys' fees and costs of this litigation and the Competent Authority proceeding; and
- D. Grant plaintiff such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

PLAINTIFFS HEREBY REQUEST A TRIAL BY JURY
OF ALL ISSUES AND CLAIMS SO TRIABLE.

Respectfully submitted,
GETRONICSWANG CO., LLC
By Its Attorneys,
SHEEHAN PHINNEY BASS + GREEN, P.A.

Dated: November 10, 2004

By: Maria E. Recalde
Maria E. Recalde, BBO #552831
260 Franklin Street, Suite 1901
Boston, MA 02110
(617) 897-5620

OF COUNSEL:

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1000 Elm Street
PO Box 3701
Manchester, NH 03105-3701
(603) 668-0300

*Subject to admission *pro hac vice*



LARGE AND MID-SIZE
BUSINESS DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20224

OCT 16 2002

Robert D. Simon 303 296 2323
Principal 382 7607
707 Seventeenth Street
Suite 2300
Denver, CO 80202

Reply Reference: LM:IN:T:4:JN

Case Reference: 1996-342-A

Dear Mr. Simon:

This letter will finalize our consideration of the competent authority request filed by Wang Laboratories, Inc. ("Wang") for the years 1992 to present. The request arose as a result of Korean withholding taxes imposed on royalty payments due from various Korean companies on account of licensing agreements those companies had with Wang.

We have reached a mutual agreement that the Korean National Tax Service ("NTS") will refund to the withholding agents 100% of the taxes previously withheld, or the basis that all amounts due to Wang under the licensing agreements are sourced in the United States. Wang will need to make its own arrangements directly with the Korean withholding agents for purposes of having each one remit the proper amount to Wang.

The implementation of this determination with the NTS requires re-determination of Wang's creditable tax and foreign source income under section 901 subject to the limitations of section 904, for all years affected. This re-determination applies solely to payments received under the licensing agreements in question.

The Communications, Technology and Media Industry of the Large and Mid-Size Business Division has been advised to implement this competent authority determination which is applicable to the tax years at issue but is not binding on subsequent tax years. We now consider this case closed.

Sincerely,

Carol A. Dunahoo
Director, International

LARGE AND MID-SIZE
BUSINESS DIVISIONDEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20224INTERNAL REVENUE SERV
EXAMINATION GROUP 15

OCT 29 2002

OCT 16 2002

LMSB DIVISIONMEMORANDUM FOR INDUSTRY DIRECTOR
COMMUNICATIONS, TECHNOLOGY AND MEDIA

ATTN:

International Territory Manager

FROM:

Carol A. Dunahoo
Director, International

SUBJECT:

Resolution of Competent Authority Case # 96-342-A

U.S. Entity: Wang Laboratories, Inc.
 600 Technology Park Drive
 Billerica, MA 01821-4130
 EIN: 04-2192707
 Tax Year: 1992 to Present

We have concluded our discussions with Korea concerning a competent authority request filed by Wang Laboratories, Inc. (Wang) for the taxable years 1992 to present. The request related to Korean income tax withheld by various withholding agents in Korea on account of royalty payments made to Wang pursuant to licensing agreements between Wang and the Korean withholding agents. Additional details are outlined below.

Background and Issue: Wang entered licensing agreements with LG Semicon, Samsung Electronics and Hyundai Electronics (the Korean withholding agents) pursuant to which the withholding agents paid royalties to Wang in return for the use of Wang patent technology. Since the Korean tax authorities considered all royalties as 100% sourced in Korea, all payments were subjected to withholding taxes. From May 1992 through January 1997, \$1,854,013 in Korean income taxes had been withheld. Wang filed a request for U. S. competent authority assistance in an effort to reduce the portion of royalty payments considered to be sourced in Korea, and in order to prevent double taxation of its royalty income.

Determination and Disposition: We have reached mutual agreement with the Korean National Tax Service (NTS) regarding the treatment of royalties paid to Wang from 1992 to present. The NTS has agreed that none of the royalties will be considered as Korean sourced. Accordingly, the NTS will refund all of the withholdings to the Korean withholding agents. It will be the responsibility of Wang to determine and collect these refunds directly from the withholding agents.

Regarding the mutual agreement with Korea, please determine the creditable tax and foreign source income under section 901 subject to the limitations of section 904. This determination is made solely as to payments received under the licensing agreements in question and should not be viewed as determinative of source for other types of income or the creditability of other taxes for this or any other taxpayer.

This disposition is not binding on subsequent years. For your information, we are attaching a copy of our closing letter to the taxpayer. If you have any questions, please contact Ms. Tina Masuda, Manager, Tax Treaty Group 4, at 202-874-1369.

Attachment

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

1. Title of case (name of first party on each side only) Getronics Wang Co., LLC v. Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. FILED
12/10/2004 P 12:40

2. Category in which the case belongs based upon the numbered nature of suit code listed on the civil cover sheet. (See local rule 40.1(a)(1)).

I. 160, 410, 470, R.23, REGARDLESS OF NATURE OF SUIT.

II. 195, 368, 400, 440, 441-444, 540, 550, 555, 625, 710, 720, 730 MAILED
12/10/2004 P 12:40
CIVIL DIVISION
MAILED
12/10/2004 P 12:40
Also complete AO 120 or AO 121
for patent, trademark or copyright cases

III. 110, 120, 130, 140, 151, 190, 210, 230, 240, 245, 290, 310, 315, 320, 330, 340, 345, 350, 355, 360, 362, 365, 370, 371, 380, 385, 450, 891.

IV. 220, 422, 423, 430, 460, 510, 530, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 690, 810, 861-865, 870, 871, 875, 900.

V. 150, 152, 153.

3. Title and number, if any, of related cases. (See local rule 40.1(d)). If more than one other related case has been filed in this district please indicate the title and number of the first filed case in this court.
Not applicable 04-12382 RCL

4. Has a prior action between the same parties and based on the same claim ever been filed in this court?
 YES NO

5. Does the complaint in this case question the constitutionality of an act of congress affecting the public interest? (See 28 USC §2403)
 YES NO

If so, is the U.S.A. or an officer, agent or employee of the U.S. a party?
 YES NO

6. Is this case required to be heard and determined by a district court of three judges pursuant to title 28 USC §2284?
 YES NO

7. Do all of the parties in this action, excluding governmental agencies of the united states and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts ("governmental agencies"), residing in Massachusetts reside in the same division? - (See Local Rule 40.1(d)).
 YES NO

A. If yes, in which division do all of the non-governmental parties reside?
Eastern Division Central Division Western Division

B. If no, in which division do the majority of the plaintiffs or the only parties, excluding governmental agencies, residing in Massachusetts reside?
Eastern Division Central Division Western Division

8. If filing a Notice of Removal - are there any motions pending in the state court requiring the attention of this Court? (If yes, submit a separate sheet identifying the motions)
 YES NO

(PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT)
ATTORNEY'S NAME Maria E. Recalde, Esq.
ADDRESS Sheehan Phinney Bass + Green, PA, 260 Franklin St., Boston, MA 02110
TELEPHONE NO. (617) 897-5620

JS 44 (Rev. 3/99)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

The JS-44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE REVERSE OF THE FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS GetronicsWang Co., LLC
290 Concord Road
Billerica, Massachusetts 01821

(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Middlesex County
(EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)

DEFENDANTS

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. AND
Hynix Semiconductor, Inc.

(see Reverse for address)

County of Residence of First Listed

(IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)

NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE
LAND INVOLVED.

(c) Attorney's (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)
Maria E. Recalde (617) 897-5620
Sheehan Phinney Bass + Green, PA
260 Franklin Street, Boston, MA 02110

Attorneys (If Known)

II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2 U.S. Government Defendant | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4 Diversity
(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III) |

III. CITIZENSHIP OF PRINCIPAL PARTIES (Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff and One Box for Defendant)

- | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Citizen of This State | <input type="checkbox"/> 1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 | Incorporated or Principal Place <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4 of Business in This State | <input type="checkbox"/> 4 |
| Citizen of Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> 2 | Incorporated and Principal Place <input type="checkbox"/> 5 of Business in Another State | <input type="checkbox"/> 5 |
| Citizen or Subject of a Foreign Country | <input type="checkbox"/> 3 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 | Foreign Nation | <input type="checkbox"/> 6 |

IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)

CONTRACT	TORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES		
<input type="checkbox"/> 110 Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> 120 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 130 Miller Act <input type="checkbox"/> 140 Negotiable Instrument <input type="checkbox"/> 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of <input type="checkbox"/> 160 Student Loans <input type="checkbox"/> 170 Medicare Act <input type="checkbox"/> 180 Recovery of Defauld Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) <input type="checkbox"/> 190 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits <input type="checkbox"/> 200 Stockholders' Suits <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 210 Other Contract <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Contract Product Liability	PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 310 Airplane <input type="checkbox"/> 315 Airplane Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 320 Assault, Libel & Slander <input type="checkbox"/> 330 Federal Employers' Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 340 Marine <input type="checkbox"/> 345 Marine Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 350 Motor Vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 360 Other Personal Injury	PERSONAL INJURY <input type="checkbox"/> 362 Personal Injury—Med. Malpractice <input type="checkbox"/> 365 Personal Injury—Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 370 Other Fraud <input type="checkbox"/> 371 Truth in Lending <input type="checkbox"/> 380 Other Personal Property Damage <input type="checkbox"/> 385 Property Damage Product Liability	<input type="checkbox"/> 610 Agriculture <input type="checkbox"/> 620 Other Food & Drug <input type="checkbox"/> 625 Drug Related Seizure of Property 21 USC <input type="checkbox"/> 630 Liquor Laws <input type="checkbox"/> 640 R.R. & Truck <input type="checkbox"/> 650 Airline Regs. <input type="checkbox"/> 660 Occupational Safety/Health <input type="checkbox"/> 690 Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 <input type="checkbox"/> 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 820 Copyrights <input type="checkbox"/> 830 Patent <input type="checkbox"/> 840 Trademark		
<input type="checkbox"/> 210 Land Condemnation <input type="checkbox"/> 220 Foreclosure <input type="checkbox"/> 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment <input type="checkbox"/> 240 Torts to Land <input type="checkbox"/> 245 Tort Product Liability <input type="checkbox"/> 290 All Other Real Property	REAL PROPERTY <input type="checkbox"/> 441 Voting <input type="checkbox"/> 442 Employment <input type="checkbox"/> 443 Housing/ Accommodations <input type="checkbox"/> 444 Welfare <input type="checkbox"/> 440 Other Civil Rights	CIVIL RIGHTS <input type="checkbox"/> 510 Motions to Vacate Sentence Habeas Corpus: <input type="checkbox"/> 530 General <input type="checkbox"/> 535 Det'n Penality <input type="checkbox"/> 540 Mandamus & Other <input type="checkbox"/> 550 Civil Rights <input type="checkbox"/> 555 Prison Condition	PRISONER PETITIONS <input type="checkbox"/> 710 Fair Labor Standards Act <input type="checkbox"/> 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations <input type="checkbox"/> 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act <input type="checkbox"/> 740 Railway Labor Act <input type="checkbox"/> 790 Other Labor Litigation <input type="checkbox"/> 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act	SOCIAL SECURITY <input type="checkbox"/> 861 HIA (1395f) <input type="checkbox"/> 862 Black Lung (923) <input type="checkbox"/> 863 DIW C/DIW W (405(g)) <input type="checkbox"/> 864 SSID Title XVI <input type="checkbox"/> 865 RSI (405(g))	FEDERAL TAXSUITS <input type="checkbox"/> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) <input type="checkbox"/> 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC 7609	<input type="checkbox"/> 400 State Reapportionment <input type="checkbox"/> 410 Antitrust <input type="checkbox"/> 430 Banks and Banking <input type="checkbox"/> 450 Commerce/ICC Rates/etc. <input type="checkbox"/> 460 Deportation <input type="checkbox"/> 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations <input type="checkbox"/> 810 Selective Service <input type="checkbox"/> 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange <input type="checkbox"/> 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 <input type="checkbox"/> 891 Agricultural Acts <input type="checkbox"/> 892 Economic Stabilization Act <input type="checkbox"/> 893 Environmental Matters <input type="checkbox"/> 894 Energy Allocation Act <input type="checkbox"/> 895 Freedom of Information Act <input type="checkbox"/> 900 Appeal of Fee Determination/Equal Access to Justice <input type="checkbox"/> 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes <input type="checkbox"/> 890 Other Statutory Actions

V. ORIGIN (PLACE AN "X" IN ONE BOX ONLY)

- 1 Original Proceeding 2 Removed from State Court 3 Remanded from Appellate Court

Transferred from another district (specify)

6 Multidistrict Litigation

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judge

VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing and write brief statement of cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.)

28 U.S.C. Section 1332, Breach of Contract of Royalty Agreements

VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT: CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION UNDER F.R.C.P. 23 **DEMAND \$** **CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:**
JURY DEMAND: Yes No

VIII. RELATED CASE(S) (See instructions):

IF ANY N/A

JUDG
E

DOCKET NUMBER

DATE November 10, 2009 SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD Maria E. Recalde Maria E. Recalde, Esq.
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIPT # _____ AMOUNT _____ APPLYING IFFP _____ JUDGE _____ MAG. JUDGE _____